GST IMPACT ON DEATH OF A PROPRIETOR -LAW AND PROCEDURE

Key Agenda

- Options available to legal heir
- Process for Registration
- Process for cancellation
- ITC Reversal or Transfer
- Payment of assessed dues of the Deceased
- GST payable on transfer of business

Upon Death of the Proprietor what are the options available to the legal heir?

REPLY-

On the death of the proprietor the legal heir has the following two options-

- Option 1 : Legal Heir to close down the business
- Option 2: Legal Heir to continue with the same business

OPTION- 1:

Legal Heir to close

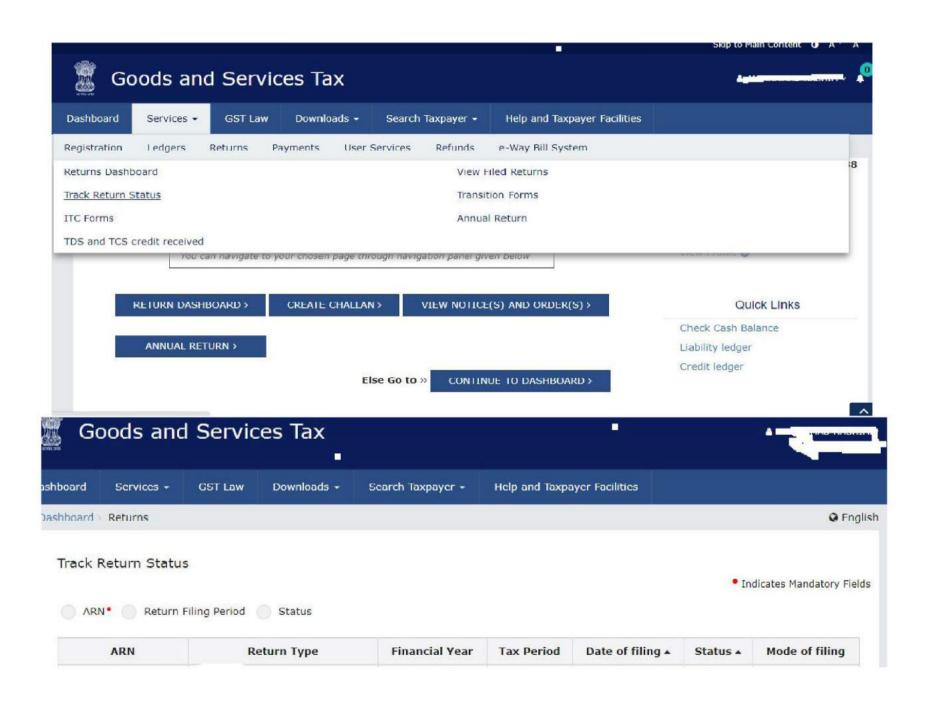
down business

FAQ1: What are the actions to be taken if the legal heir wants to close down the business?

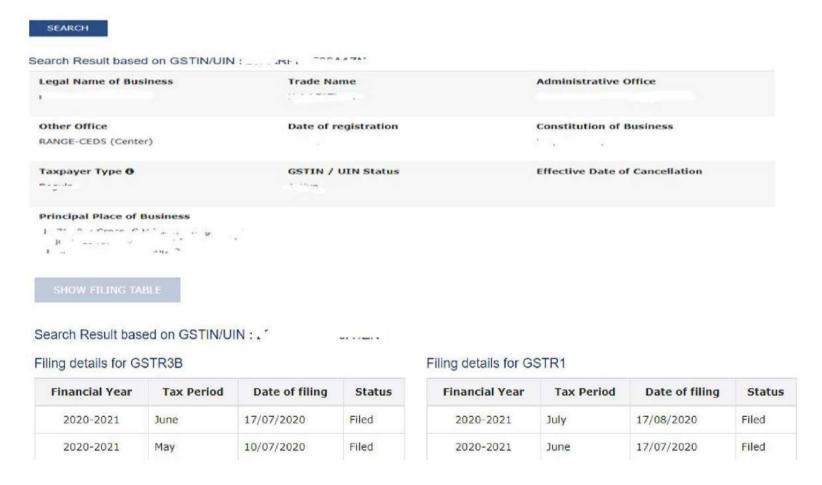
REPLY-

The following actions are to be taken if the legal heir wants to close down the business –

❖ Incase GST Log in credential is available, then the legal heir needs to visit www.gst.gov.in and navigate the following path- services tab > returns > track return status, to check the current return filing status of the deceased proprietor.



❖ Incase GST Log in credential is not available, then the legal heir needs to visit www.gst.gov.in and go to the tab Search as taxpayer. There you would need to key in the GSTIN and you will get the details of the jurisdiction and also the filing status.



- Once the above filing details are available the legal heir needs to arrange the following docs-
- 1. Death Certificate / Sucession Certificate
- 2. Identity Proof of the deceased
- 3. Identity Proof of the legal heir which will prove the relationship status with the deceased
- 4. GST Certificate of the deceased
- 5. Return filing status (as presented above)

Once the above documents are arranged the legal heir can visit the Proper Officer for the change of the authorised signatory. On verification of the same, Proper Officer will change the authorised signatory and send a temporary link for updation of details. Once the signatory has been changed then the process of cancellation of registration can be initiated.

FAQ2: How the cancellation application needs to be filed by legal heir in case of closure as per Section 29?

REPLY-

- ❖ It is recommended to **file all pending returns till the date of death after payment of tax, if any.**
- ❖ The legal heir has to file an application for <u>cancellation of registration by giving the reason as</u> <u>death of proprietor</u> as he wants to discontinue the business along with necessary documents.
- ❖ The **process of cancellation of the registration** which the legal heir needs to follow is mentioned as below-
- ❖ Rule 22(3)- If a person who has submitted an application for cancellation of his registration is no longer liable to be registered or his registration is liable to be cancelled, the proper officer shall issue an order in form GST REG-19, within thirty days from the date of submission of the application submitted by the registered person or the date of reply to the show-cause notice issued to him and cancel the registration, with effect from a date to be determined by him. He will notify the taxable person, directing to pay arrears of any tax, interest or penalty including the amount liable to be paid under section 29(5)
- * Rule 22(5)- The provisions of Rule 22(3) shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to the legal heirs of a deceased proprietor, as if the application had been submitted by the proprietor himself.

- Documents to be attached for cancellation of registration are mentioned below-
- 1 Death certificate of the deceased
- 2. Identity Proof and Address Proof of the deceased
- 3. Proof of the business closure
- 4. Proof of the bank closure (if available)
- 5 Indemnity Certificate
- 6. Detail of the stock held on the date of death

Note- In case of death of the sole Proprietor, application can be made manually by the legal heir/successor before the concerned tax authorities.

FAQ3: Within how many days the application for cancellation of registration need to be filed?

REPLY-

As per **Rule 20**, the application should be submitted <u>within thirty days</u> of the occurrence of the event warranting cancellation, herein due to the death of the proprietor

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Form GST REG-16 (See rule 20)

Application for Cancellation of Registration

1	GSTIN				
2	Legal name				1
3.	Trade name, if any	A			10.
4	Address of Principal Place of Business				
5	Address for future correspondence (including email, mobile telephone, fax)	Building No./ Flat No.		Floor No.	
		Name of Premises/ Building		Road/ Street	
		City/Town/ Village		District	- 100
		Block/Taluka		-	
		Latitude		Longitude	
		State		PIN Code	310
		Mobile (with country code)		Telephone	
		email	THEAT	Fax Number	
6.	Reasons for Cancellation (Select one)	Ceased to be liable to pay to Transfer of business on amalgamation, merger/dem lease or otherwise disposed Change in constitution of leading to change in Account Number Death of Sole Proprietor Others (specify)	account of erger, sale, of etc. of business		
7.	In case of transfer, retc.	nerger of business, particulars of r	egistration of entity	in which merged, ama	algamated, transferred,
(1)	Goods and Services Tax Identification Number				
(m)	(a) Name (Legal)				
*** *** ******************************	(b) Trade name, if any	and the second s		Section -	100
(iii)	Address of Principal Place of Business	Building No./ Flat No.		Floor No.	
		Name of Premises/ Building	2000	Road/ Street	
		City/Town/ Village	10.00	District	
		Block/Taluka			

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		Labitude		100		Longitude		
		State				PIN Code	- 8	
		Mobile (with country	code)			Telephone		
		email				Fax Numi	becom	
8.	Date from which re-	gistration is to be cancelle	d.	<end n<="" td=""><td>MMCYYY</td><td>Y></td><td></td><td></td></end>	MMCYYY	Y>		
9	Particulars of last R	eturn Filed						
(6)	Tax period			3				
(100)	Application Referes	nce Number		51				
(min)	Date							
10.	Amount of tax registration.	psyable in respect of in	puts/capita	d goods hel	d in steel	k on the effe	ctive date of b	ancellation of
			Value		higher)		Payable (which	ever is
	D	Description	Stock (Rs.)	Central Tax	State Tax	UT Tax	Integrated Tax	Cess
	Tingrants		3.0			9 %	(i) E	12
		in semi-finished goods				2		
		in finished goods	1884 313		3	8 (8)		
	NO. THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	Sant and machinery	120	1		97	165	
11	Total Details of tax pa		4.5	9			# E # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	ē.
	Se. No.	Debit Entry No.	Centra	d State	Tax.	UT Tex	Integrated Tax	Cess
	1.		33	7	32			
	2.	13 (54)	100	7 37	100			
		Sub-Total						
			Payme	nt from ITC	Ledger			
	Se. No.	Debit Estry No.	Centra Tax	State	Tax	UT Tex	Integrated Tax	Cess
	1.				100			
	2.							
	8. [2	Sub-Total	134					
	Total Amount of	Tax Paid						
12. 1	Documents uploaded							
9.70 %	Verification							
I/We	> hereby solemnly a	affirm and declare that the nothing has been concealed			in above	is true and coe	rect to the best o	of my/our
7.5		Sign	ature of As	athorised Sig	matory			
Place	c			Name	of the Au	thorised Signa	tory	
Date				Design	Designation / Status			
				-				

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Instructions for filing of Application for Cancellation

- A registered person seeking cancellation of his registration shall electronically submit an application including details of closing stock and liability thereon along with relevant documents, on common portal.
- The following personsshall digitally sign application for cancellation, as applicable:

Constitution of Business	Person who can digitally sign the application			
Proprietorship	Proprietor			
Parenceship	Managing / Authorised Partners			
Hindu Undivided Family	Karta			
Private Limited Company	Managing / Whole-time Directors/ Chief Executive Officer			
Public Limited Company	Managing / Whole-time Directors/ Chief Executive Officer			
Society/ Club/ Trust/ AOP	Members of Managing Committee			
Government Department	Person In charge			
Public Sector Undertaking	Managing / Whole-time Directors/ Chief Executive Officer			
Unlimited Company	Managing / Whole-time Directors/ Chief Executive Officer			
Limited Liability Partnership	Designated Partners			
Local Authority	Chief Executive Officer or Equivalent			
Statutory Body	Chief Executive Officer or Equivalent			
Foreign Company	Authorised Person in India			
Foreign Limited Liability Partnership	Authorised Person in India			
Others	Person In charge			

In case of death of sole proprietor, application shall be made by the legal heir / successor manually before the concerned tax authorities. The new entity in which the applicant proposes to amalgamate itself shall register with the tax authority before submission of the application for cancellation. This application shall be made only after that the new entity is registered.

Before applying for cancellation, please file your tax return due for the tax period in which the effective date of surrender of registration falls.

- Status of the Application may be tracked on the common portal.
- No fee is payable for filing application for cancellation.
- After submission of application for cancellation of registration, the registered personshall make payment, if not made at the time of this application, and shall famish final return as provided in the Act.
- The registered personmay also update his contact address and update his mobile number and e mail address.

FAQ4: How to reverse the input tax credit before the cancellation of registration by legal heir?

REPLY-

- ❖ As per Rule 44, <u>ITC in respect of Inputs held in stock or inputs contained in semi finished/finished goods held in stock or capital goods</u> on the day preceding the date of cancellation of the registration need to be reversed.
- How to compute the credit which needs to be reversed as per Rule 44-

Inputs: It is computed on a proportionate basis based on the :

- Corresponding invoices on which credit has been availed on such inputs OR
- · Output tax payable on such goods

whichever is higher

Capital Goods: : It is computed on a proportionate basis based on the :

ITC involved in the remaining useful life in months of the capital goods taking useful life as 5 years

OR

Tax on the Transaction Value

whichever is higher

The same has been explained through an Illustration given below-

ILLUSTRATIONS 1-

Akash Enterprise registered under GST Act,2017. It sale shoes which are taxable under GST Act. Total Output produced – 100 @ 500(GST @ 12%)

Output sold – 90

Closing Stock – 10

It has a market for its semi finished product "Polished Leather "which are stored in its warehouse – 25 Pcs.

Input Leather Purchased amounting to Rs.2,00,000/- (Incl. GST amount Rs.36,000/-)

Payment made to A ltd for purchase of Plant and Machinery amounting to Rs.2,00,000/- (Incl. GST amount Rs.24,000/-)

It has used the machine for 3 Years 5 months 7 days.

Machinery sold @ Rs.50,000.00 (Incl. GST amount Rs.9,000/-)

It has shut down from 26th May, 2020.

Now as per Rule 44 of the CGST Rules 2017, how much ITC need to be reversed

ITC to be Reversed as per Rule 44-

INPUTS-

Leather (Input Raw Material in Closing Stock) - 36,000.00 * 10 / 100 = Rs.3,600.00

Polished Leather

(Input Raw Material in Semi finished good) - 36,000.00 * 25/100 = Rs.9,000.00

Tax on output = 500*100*12% = Rs.6,000.00

ITC AMOUNT WHICH NEEDS TO BE REVERSED = Rs.12,600.00 (Rs.3,600.00 + Rs.9,000.00) being the higher between both

CAPITAL GOOD-

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Plant & Machinery - 24,000.00*1.5/5 = Rs.7,200.00 (Capital Goods)
(Used for 3 Years 5 months 7 days.)
(Total life – 5years)
(Remaining Life – 1.5 years)
```

OR

Tax on the Transaction Value = Rs.9,000.00

ITC AMOUNT WHICH NEEDS TO BE REVERSED = Rs.9,000.00 being the higher between both

FAQ5: In case of reversal of ITC, how payment of taxes are made?

REPLY-

- ❖ Where a person, liable to pay tax, interest or penalty under this Act, dies, then the legal representative shall be liable to pay, out of the estate of the deceased, to the extent to which the estate is capable of meeting the charge, the tax, interest or penalty due from such person under this Act, whether such tax, interest or penalty has been determined before his death but has remained unpaid or is determined after his death.
- ❖ Any amount which is payable by the deceased under the ACT or Rules made therein would be added to the output tax payable in the final return **Form GST RET 10 if not paid at the time of the cancellation application**.

FAQ6: Whether ITC of the deceased can be adjusted or can be claimed as refund?

REPLY-

The balance of electronic credit ledger can be adjusted against tax payable under this act and rules made therein but refund of ITC as per **section 54** is not possible except it is a case of <u>refund as a result of Inverted Duty Structure and Export with or without payment of taxes.</u>

Balance ITC cannot be adjusted against Interest, Penalty, Fines, Late Fees or any other amount payable under this act and rules made therein

FAQ7: Whether the un-utilized cash balance of the deceased can be adjusted or can be claimed as refund?

REPLY-

The balance of electronic cash ledger can be adjusted against tax Interest, Penalty, Fines, Late Fees or any other amount payable under this act and rules made therein and can be transferred by PMT 09 if not available in the particular head.

However refund of the remaining cash balance **as per section 54** can be made but the same need to be claimed <u>as excess cash balance in electronic cash ledger</u>.

FAQ8: If cancellation application is filed, is there anything else which needs to be done?

REPLY-

INTRODUCTION OF RULE 21A

- Rule 21A of CGST Rules 2017 talks about <u>Suspension of GST Registration</u>
- Sub Rule 3 of Rule 21A of CGST Rules 2017 says: A registered person, whose registration has been suspended <u>shall not make any taxable supply during the</u> <u>period of suspension and shall not be required to furnish any return under</u> <u>section 39.</u>
- A registered person shall not make taxable supply means shall not issue tax invoice and shall not charge tax accordingly during the pendency of the proceeding related to the cancellation of the registration

FAQ 9: If the legal heir receives a Show Cause Notice, in relation with the cancellation application what are the necessary actions which needs to be taken

REPLY-

In case the legal heir receives a SCN in relation with the cancellation, he or she needs to comply with all the legal queries raised in the SCN within the due time.

For example- Indemnity certificate copy could be asked from the legal heir , copy of bank closure , copy of closure of business, or copy of surrender of the trade license can be asked to be submitted & furnished before the tax authorities and they need to furnish all the required documents with in the due dates as mentioned in SCN

FAQ10: What are the actions to be taken after the cancellation order is received?

REPLY-

Once the cancellation order is received, the legal heir is required to file the final return which is **GSTR 10** electronically through the common portal The final return is required to filed *within 3months* of :

Date of Cancellation

OR

Date of order of Cancellation

Whichever is later

FAQ11: What are the documents and information required for GSTR 10 as per Section 45 read with Rule 81?

REPLY-

Information Required-

GSTIN

Legal & Business Name

Address

Application Reference Number (ARN) if any

Effective Date of Surrender/Cancellation – Here, specify the date of cancellation as given on your cancellation order.

Whether cancellation order has been passed – Here, you have to specify whether it's a voluntary cancellation or a cancellation that was forced/ordered by the authorities.

If Yes, Unique ID of Cancellation order

Date of Cancellation Order

Particulars of Closing Stock and amount of tax paid on the Closing Stock

FAQ12: What if the Final Return GST RET 10 not filed within the stipulated time?

REPLY

In case the legal heir doesn't file the final return within the stipulated time then the legal heir will get the notice. If he still doesn't file the return within 15 days of the receipt of the notice as a defaulter, the assessment order **GST ASMT 13** under **section 62** will be issued to determine the tax liability as per **section 29(5)** on the basis of the information available with the Proper Officer and if the return has been filed within 30 days of the date of the service of the order then the said order shall be deemed to have been withdrawn.

FAQ 13: If the legal heir receives a general Show Cause Notice, what are the necessary actions which needs to be taken in case where business is closed?

REPLY

In case the legal heir receives any SCN in relation to short or non payment, short or non deduction of tax, ITC claimed in excess over the limits or claimed wrongly both for reasons other than fraud (**u/s 73**) and reasons due to fraud, wilful misrepresentation of facts or suppression of the facts (**u/s 74**), they have to submit the required information and documents. And if tax is determined to be payable, it needs to be paid out of the estate of the deceased as per the following provision

Section 93(1) of CGST Act, 2017 states - **Save as otherwise provided in the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016**, where a person, liable to pay tax, interest or penalty under this Act, **dies**, then—

- (a) xxxx and
- (b) if the business carried on by the person is **discontinued**, whether before or after his death, his legal representative shall be **liable to pay**, out of the estate of the deceased, **to the extent to which the estate is capable of meeting the charge**, the tax, interest or penalty due from such person under this Act, whether such tax, interest or penalty has been determined before his death but has remained unpaid or is determined after his death.

Option 2:

Legal Heir to

continue with the

same business

FAQ1: WHAT NEEDS TO BE DONE TO CONTINUE THE BUSNIESS?

REPLY-

- ❖ Applying for the fresh registration in the name of the legal heir subject to information and documents along with *the reason of transfer of business due to death of the sole proprietor*
- ❖ The legal heir is required to file online <u>ITC -02</u> Its is a declaration for the transfer of the ITC in case of change in the constitution of the business.
- ❖ The legal heir has to file the cancellation registration with 30 days from the date of the death of proprietor through <u>REG-16</u> and mention the reason of transfer of business due to death of the sole proprietor

FAQ2: What are the procedure to be taken if the legal heir wants to continue the business and get registered as per Section 22?

REPLY-

- When the legal heir decided to continue with the business of the deceased then he needs to get himself registered
- The following are the process of Registration-

He is **liable to be registered with effect from the date of such succession,** where a business is transferred for any reasons including death of the proprietor.

He need to file electronically **FORM GST REG-01** <u>stating the reasons to obtain registration as "death of the proprietor".</u>

Form GST REG-01

[See Rule -----]

Application for Registration

(Other than a non-resident taxable person, a person supplying online information and data base access or retrieval services from a place outside India to a non-taxable online recipient referred to in section 14 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, a person required to deduct tax at source under section 51 and a person required to collect tax at source under section 52)

Bear A

	0		State AJT -	∇ D	istrict - ∇	
(i)	Legal Name of the Business (As mentioned in PAN)					
(ii)	PAN (Enter PAN of the Business; PA	N of	Individual in case of Pro	prietarskip can	cerni	
(iii)	Email Address					
(iv)	Mobile Number				10	
	 Information submitted above is horized signatory filing the applic 					
	10		Part -B			
1.	Trade Name, if any					
2.	Constitution of Business (Plea	se S	elect the Appropriate)			
(i) Pi	roprietorship	¢	(ii) Partnership			¢
(iii) l	Hindu Undivided Family	¢	(iv) Private Limited C	отрану		¢
(v) P	rublic Limited Company	¢	(vi) Society/Club/Trust	/Association of	Persons	6
(viii)	Government Department	¢	(viii) Public Sector Un	denaking		9
(ix) (Unlimited Company	¢	(x) Limited Liability P	artnership		¢
(xi) l	Local Authority	¢	(xii) Statutory Body			¢
	Foreign Limited Liability sership	¢	(xiv) Foreign Company	Registered (in	India)	¢
(xv)	Others (Please specify)	¢				¢
3.	Name of the State	•		District	•	
4.	Jurisdiction		State		Centre	
			ctor, Circle, Ward, Unit, o	ric .		

5.	Option for Composition	Yes	¢ No ¢			
	Composition Declaration I hereby declare that the a r Rules for opting to pay tax o				and restriction	s specific
6.1 Cates	pory of Registered Person < ti	ck in check	box>			
(1)	Manufacturers, other that Government for which opt			goods as may be	notified by the	
(ii)	Suppliers making supplies	referred to	in clause (b) of	paragraph 6 of Sch	edule II	
(iii)	Any other supplier eligib	ole for com	position levy.			
7.	Date of commencement of	business		DD/MM/YYYY	r).	
8.	Date on which liability to re	egister arise	es.	DD/MM/YYYY		
9.	Are you applying for regist person?	ration as a	casual taxable	Yes 🗆	No E	1
10.	If selected 'Yes' in Sr. No. registration is required	9, period fo	or which	From DD/MM/YYYY	To DD/MM/YYY	Y
11.	If selected 'Yes' in Sr. No. registration	9, estimate	d supplies and es	timated net tax liab	ility during the p	period of
Sr. No.	Type of Tax		Turnover (R	s.)	Net Tax Liabi	ility (Rs.)
(i)	Integrated Tax		12			
(ii)	Central Tax					
(iii)	State Tax					
(iv)	UT Tax					
(v)	Cess					
	Total				2	
	Payment Details			20	10	
	CIN		Date		Amount	
12	Are you applying for regist	ration as a	SEZ Unit?	Yes 🖸	No E	1
	(i) Select name of SEZ				bil	∇
	(ii) Approval order number	and date or	f order			
	(iii) Designation of approving authority				100	

FAQ3: What are the requirements of applying for new registration by legal heir as per Section 22?

REPLY-

For Individual & Sole Proprietor	
Owner's PAN Card	
Owner's Aadhar Card	
Owner's Photograph	
Proof of Address	
Bank Account Details	
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FAQ4: What are the Documents required for filing ITC 02?

REPLY-

❖ As per **Rule 41 (2)**, the legal Heir needs to submit a certificate issued by a practising Chartered Accountant or Cost Accountant certifying that the transfer of business has been done **with a specific provision for transfer of liabilities.**

FAQ5: What is the Pre-condition for the transfer of the ITC?

REPLY-

In terms of **Section 18(3)** of the CGST and SGST Acts, where there is a change in the constitution of a registered person on account of sale, merger, demerger, amalgamation, lease or transfer of the business <u>with the specific provisions for transfer of liabilities, the said registered person</u> shall be allowed to transfer the input tax credit which remains un-utilized in his electronic credit ledger to such sold, merged, demerged, amalgamated, leased or transferred business in the manner prescribed in the <u>CGST</u> / SGST Rules, 2017 by declaring the same, electronically, on the common portal in Form GST ITC-02.]

Therefore, the transfer of ITC of the deceased can be done only when the legal heir is ready to accept the liabilities of the deceased i.e both the sundry creditors and sundry debtors and all other liabilities created by the deceased.

FAQ6: What is the process of transfer of ITC?

REPLY-

- ✓ As soon as the legal heir file the **ITC 02** electronically with a request to transfer of the unutilised ITC lying in the electronic credit ledger of the deceased along with the CA certificate, it will be transferred to the registration number of the legal heir.
- ✓ The transferee being the same person , the legal heir needs to log in to his GSTIN and accept the details so furnished from the transferor's GSTIN and upon such acceptance the unutilised **ITC transferred through ITC 02** will be credited in the credit ledger of the new registered person

ITC - 02

Form GST ITC -02

[See rule 41(1)]

Declaration for transfer of ITC in case of sale, merger, demerger, amalgamation, lease or transfer of a business under sub-section (3) of section 18

1.	GSTIN of transferor	
2.	Legal name of transferor	
3.	Trade name, if any	
4.	GSTIN of transferee	
5.	Legal name of transferee	
6.	Trade name, if any	

7. Details of ITC to be transferred

Tax	Amount of matched ITC available	Amount of matched ITC to be transferred
1	2	3
Central Tax		
State Tax		
UT Tax		
Integrated Tax		
Cess		8

Circular No. 96/15/2019-GST – Relating to ITC 02

Clarification in respect of transfer of input tax credit in case of death of sole proprietor

- In terms of **Section 18(3)** of the CGST and SGST Acts, where there is a change in the constitution of a registered person on account of sale, merger, demerger, amalgamation, lease or transfer of the business with the specific provisions for transfer of liabilities, the said registered person shall be allowed to transfer the input tax credit which remains un-utilized in his electronic credit ledger to such sold, merged, demerged, amalgamated, leased or transferred business in the manner prescribed in the CGST / SGST Rules, 2017 by declaring the same, electronically, on the common portal in Form GST ITC-02.]
- As per sub-rule (1) of **rule 41** of the Central Goods and Services Rules, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as "CGST Rules"), the registered person (transferor of business) can file **FORM GST ITC-02** electronically on the common portal along with a request for transfer of unutilized input tax credit lying in his electronic credit ledger to the transferee.

FAQ7: Can a legal heir transfer the excess unutilized Electronic Cash Ledger balance to his new entity in case of death of sole proprietor?

REPLY-

- ❖ At first, the un-utilized electronic cash balance of the deceased can be adjusted against Interest, Penalty, Fines, Late Fees or any other amount payable under this act and rules made therein.
- ❖ Thereafter if any cash remains as closing balance in the electronic cash ledger then it can be claimed as refund u/s 54, as <u>"excess cash balance in</u> <u>electronic cash ledger "</u>

FAQ8: How the cancellation application needs to be filed by legal heir as per Section 29?

REPLY-

- ❖ It is recommended to **file all pending returns till the date of death after payment of tax if any**
- The legal heir has to file an application for <u>cancellation of registration by giving the reason as death of proprietor</u>
- ❖ The **process of cancellation of the registration** which the legal heir needs to follow is mentioned as below-
- ❖ Rule 22(3)- If a person who has submitted an application for cancellation of his registration is no longer liable to be registered or his registration is liable to be cancelled, the proper officer shall issue an order in form GST REG-19, within thirty days from the date of submission of the application submitted by the registered person or the date of reply to the show-cause notice issued to him and cancel the registration, with effect from a date to be determined by him. He will notify the taxable person, directing to pay arrears of any tax, interest or penalty including the amount liable to be paid under section 29(5)
- **Rule 22(5)- The provisions of rule 22(3) shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to the legal heirs of a deceased proprietor, as if the application had been submitted by the proprietor himself.**

- Documents to be attached for cancellation of registration are mentioned below-
- 1 Death certificate of the deceased
- 2. Identity Proof and Address Proof of the deceased
- 3. Proof of the business closure
- 4. Proof of the bank closure (if available)
- 5 Indemnity Certificate
- 6. Detail of the stock held on the date of death

Note- In case of death of the sole Proprietor, application shall be made manually by the legal heir/successor before the concerned tax authorities

FAQ9: Within how many days the application for cancellation of registration needs to be filed?

REPLY-

As per **Rule 20**, the application should be submitted <u>within thirty days</u> of the occurrence of the event warranting cancellation, herein due to the death of the proprietor

However since the time for arranging documents may be longer the 30 days period is considered in genuine situations.

FORM GST REG-16 – FOR REFERENCE ONLY

PAGE 1/3		Form GST REG-16 [See rule 20]				
		Application for Cancellation of Registration				
1	GSTIN					
2	Legal name					
3.	Trade name, if any					
4	Address of Principal Place of Business					
55	Address for fiture correspondence (including ernail, mobile telephone, fax)	Building No./Flat No.		Floor No.		
		Name of Premises/ Building		Road/ Street		
		City/Town/ Village		District		
		Block/Taluka				
		Latitude		Longitude		
		State		PIN Code		
		Mobile (with country code)		Telephone		
		email		Fax Number		
6.	Reasons for Cancellation (Select one)	Discontinuance //Lustre of business Ceased to be liable to pay tax Transfer of business on account of amulgariation, inceger/denerger, sale, lease or otherwise disposed of etc. Change in constitution of business leading to change in Permanent Account Number Death of Sole Proprietor Others (specify)				
7.	In case of transfer, r	merger of business, particulars o	f registration of ent	ity in which merged, amalg	amated, transfe	
(i)	Goods and Services Tax Identification Number					
(m)	(a) Name (Legal)					
	(b) Trade name, if		-	Table 1		
(m)	Address of Principal	Building No./ Flat No.		Floor No.		

District

City/Town/ Village

Block/Taluka

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		Latitude		T		Longitude	T		
		State		-		PIN Code	-		
		Mobile (with country	code)			Telephone			
	ķ.		under 1			and the same			
		email	i i i			Fax Num	ber		
K.	Date from which rep	gistration is to be cancelle	al.	<dd 9<="" td=""><td>MM/YYY</td><td>Y></td><td></td><td></td></dd>	MM/YYY	Y>			
9	Particulars of last R.	eturn Filed							
\$	Tax period	- 24 - 24 - 2							
(m)	Application Referer	ice Number							
(uni)	Date							110 - 11	
10.	Amount of tax registration.	payable in respect of in	puls/capital	goods hel	d in stee	k on the effe	ctive date of co	meellation	
	Description		Value of		Input Tax Credit/ Tax Payable (whichever is higher) (Rs.)				
			Stock (Rs.)	Central Tax	State Tax	UT Tax	Integrated Tax	Cess	
	Imputs					1			
	Inputs contained	in semi-finished goods							
		in finished goods	Die U						
	Capital Goods/P	lant and machinery							
	Total								
	Se, No.	Debit Entry No.	Payment from C Central Tax St		Tux	UT Tax	Integrated Tax	Cess	
	I.			Sec.	3.		V		
		77 (0)			3				
	2.		27						
	2.	Sub-Total	8						
	2.	Sub-Total	Paymen	t from ITC	Ledger				
	2. Se. No.	Sub-Total Debit Estry No.	Paymen Cestral Tax			UT Tax	Integrated Tax	Cess	
	Se. No.		Cestral	1		UT Tax		Cess	
	Sr. No.	Debit Estry No.	Cestral	1		UT Tax		Cess	
	Se. No.		Cestral	1		UT Tax		Cess	
	Se. No.	Debit Entry No. Sub-Total	Cestral	1		UT Tax		Cess	
12. I	Sr. No. 1. 2. Total Amount of	Debit Entry No. Sub-Total	Cestral	1		UT Tax		Cess	
	Se. No. 1. 2. Total Amount of Documents uploaded	Debit Entry No. Sub-Total	Cestral	1		UT Tax		Cess	
13. V	Se. No. 1. 2. Total Amount of Documents uploaded /crification	Debit Entry No. Sub-Total Tax Paid	Cestral Tax	State	Tax		Tax		
13. V I/We	Sr. No. 1. 2. Total Amount of Documents uploaded /erification bereby solemaly a	Debit Entry No. Sub-Total	Central Tax information	State	Tax		Tax		
13. V I/We	Sr. No. 1. 2. Total Amount of Documents uploaded /erification bereby solemaly a	Debit Entry No. Sub-Total Tax Paid Tirm and declare that the nothing has been concealed	Central Tax information	State	Tax		Tax		
13. V I/We	Sr. No. 1. 2. Total Amount of Documents uploaded /crification co-bereby solemaly a diedge and belief and company to the company of the comp	Debit Entry No. Sub-Total Tax Paid Tirm and declare that the nothing has been concealed	Central Tax	State State State State A given here thorised Sign	Tax in above		Tax		

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Instructions for filing of Application for Cancellation

- A registered person seeking cancellation of his registration shall electronically submit an application including details of closing stock and liability thereon along with relevant documents, on common portal.
- · The following personsshall digitally sign application for cancellation, as applicable:

Constitution of Business	Person who can digitally sign the application				
Proprietorship	Proprietor				
Partnership	Managing / Authorised Partners				
Hindu Undivided Family	Karta				
Private Limited Company	Managing / Whole-time Directors/ Chief Executive Office				
Public Limited Company	Managing / Whole-time Directors/ Chief Executive Officer				
Society/ Club/ Trust/ AOP	Members of Managing Committee				
Government Department	Person In charge				
Public Sector Undertaking	Managing / Whole-time Directors/ Chief Executive Officer				
Unlimited Company	Managing / Whole-time Directors/ Chief Executive Officer Designated Partners				
Limited Liability Partnership					
Local Authority	Chief Executive Officer or Equivalent				
Statutory Body	Chief Executive Officer or Equivalent				
Foreign Company	Authorised Person in India				
Foreign Limited Liability Partnership	Authorised Person in India				
Others	Person In charge				

In case of death of sole proprietor, application shall be made by the legal heir / successor manually before the concerned tax authorities. The new entity in which the applicant proposes to amalgamate itself shall register with the tax authority before submission of the application for cancellation. This application shall be made only after that the new entity is registered.

Before applying for cancellation, please file your tax return due for the tax period in which the effective date of surrender of registration falls.

- Status of the Application may be tracked on the common portal.
- · No fee is payable for filing application for cancellation.
- After submission of application for cancellation of registration, the registered personshall make payment, if not made at the time of this application, and shall famish final return as provided in the Act.
- The registered personnuy also update his contact address and update his mobile number and e mail address.

FAQ10: If cancellation application is filed, is there anything else which needs to be done?

REPLY-

INTRODUCTION OF RULE 21A

- Rule 21A of CGST Rules 2017 talks about <u>Suspension of GST Registration</u>
- Sub Rule 3 of Rule 21A of CGST Rules 2017 says: A registered person, whose
 registration has been suspended <u>shall not make any taxable supply during the period of
 suspension and shall not be required to furnish any return under section 39.</u>
- A registered person shall not make taxable supply means shall not issue tax invoice and shall not charge tax accordingly during the pendency of the proceeding related to the cancellation of the registration

FAQ 11: If the legal heir receive a Show Cause Notice, in relation with the cancellation application what are the necessary actions which needs to be taken

REPLY-

In case the legal heir receives a SCN in relation with the cancellation, he or she needs to comply with all the legal queries raised in the SCN within the time mentioned in the SCN.

For example- Indemnity certificate copy could be asked from the legal heir , copy of bank closure , copy closure of business, or copy of surrender of the trade license can be asked to be submitted & furnish before the tax authorities and they need to furnish all the required documents with in the due dates as mentioned in SCN

Please do follow the GST portal for any notice received even if you do not receive mail or SMS.

FAQ12: What are the actions to be taken after the cancellation order is received?

REPLY-

Once the cancellation order is received, the legal heir is required to file the final return which is **GSTR 10** electronically through the common portal

The final return is required to filed within 3 months of:

Date of Cancellation

OR

Date of order of Cancellation

Whichever is later

FAQ13: What are the documents and information required for GSTR 10 as per Section 45 read with Rule 81?

REPLY-

. Information Required-

GSTIN

Legal & Business Name

Address

Application Reference Number (ARN) if any

Effective Date of Surrender/Cancellation – Here, specify the date of cancellation as given on your cancellation order.

Whether cancellation order has been passed – Here, you have to specify whether it's a voluntary cancellation or a cancellation that was forced/ordered by the authorities.

If Yes, Unique ID of Cancellation order

Date of Cancellation Order

Particulars of Closing Stock and amount of tax paid on the Closing Stock

FAQ14: What if the Final Return GST RET 10 not filed within the stipulated time?

REPLY

In case the legal heir doesn't file the final return within the stipulated time then the legal heir will get the notice. If he still doesn't file the return within 15 days of the receipt of the notice as a defaulter, the assessment order **GST ASMT 13** under **section 62** will be issued to determine the tax liability as per **section 29(5)** on the basis of the information available with the Proper Officer and if the return has been filed within 30 days of the date of the service of the order then the said order shall be deemed to have been withdrawn.

FAQ15: What is the GST implication of the transfer of the business?

REPLY

As per **entry no 2 of Notification No: 12/2017** dated 28th June 2017, Services by way of transfer of the Going Concern, as a whole or as an independent part thereof, is wholly exempted from GST.

Therefore when the business of the deceased is transferred to the legal heir on the basis of going concern then it will exempted from GST ACT 2017

Example- If the legal heir wants to take only the assets of the deceased without accepting the liabilities of the deceased then the transfer of the business will be taxable as on the date of transfer of business and tax will be leviable on the sale of the assets.

FAQ 16: If the legal heir receives a general Show Cause Notice what are the necessary actions which needs to be taken

REPLY

In case the legal heir received any SCN in relation to short or non payment, short or non deduction of tax, ITC claimed in excess over the limits or claimed wrongly both for reasons other than fraud (u/s 73) and reasons relating to fraud, wilful misrepresentation of facts or suppression of the facts (u/s 74) he would need to submit the necessary documents and informations against the SCN. If it is ascertained that tax is payable and he does not want to prefer appeal, then the same has to be paid by the legal heir as per the following provision.

Section 85(1) of CGST Act 2017 states that - Where a **taxable person**, **liable to pay tax** under this Act, **transfers his business** in whole or in part, by sale, gift, lease, leave and license, hire or **in any other manner whatsoever**, the **taxable person and the person to whom the business is so transferred shall, jointly and severally**, be liable wholly or to the extent of such transfer, to pay the tax, interest or any penalty due from the taxable person **upto the time of such transfer**, whether such tax, interest or penalty has been determined before such transfer, but has remained unpaid or is determined thereafter.

FAQ 17: If the legal heir who is continuing the business of the deceased receives a Demand for tax, interest or penalty for earlier business will he be liable to pay the same

REPLY

Section 93(1) of CGST Act, 2017 states that - **Save as otherwise provided in the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016**, where a person, **liable to pay** tax, interest or penalty under this Act, **dies**, then—

- (a) if a business carried on by the person **is continued after his death** by his legal representative or any other person, such **legal representative or other person**, shall be liable to pay tax, interest or penalty due from such person under this Act; and
- (b) xxxxxxxxxx

whether such tax, interest or penalty has been determined before his death but has remained unpaid or is determined after his death.

So in this case whether the liability is determined before or after his death the legal representative or any other person continuing the business will have to pay the tax.